



## THEATRE ROYAL.

On SATURDAY next, the 14th current, will be presented,  
The celebrated COMIC OPERA OF  
**THE CASTLE OF ANDALUSIA.**

Written by Mr O'KEEFE, Author of the Agreeable Surprise, &c.  
With entire New Scenery and Decorations.

The Characters will be expressed in our next.

Mr RIDER, from the Theatre-Royal, Dublin, will make his first appearance here, in the part of PADRILLO, in the above Opera.

The Box-book of the Theatre will be opened on Wednesday next, at ten o'clock forenoon.

## DAVID SHEPPARD AND SON,

At their Shop above the head of Blackfriar's Wynd, Edinburgh,

HAVE just got to hand a few Hogheads and Tierces of Raw Sugar, of excellent quality, for making wine at this season, and is to be sold in wholesale and retail; best at 2 l. 16 s.; second kind at 2 l. 12 s. Sterling per hundred weight. At said shop, first Hyson Green Tea, Shouhong, Congo, and Bohea Teas; Chocolate, roasted and raw Coffee; refined Sugars of all kinds; best Jamaica Double Rum, and Ditto in Shrub, at 12 s. per gallon; Single Rum, and Ditto in Shrub, at 10 s. per gallon; best Whisky at 5 s.; ditto in Shrub at 6 s. 8 d. per gallon; Cognac and French Brandy; Dutch Cinnamon Waters, Holland Gin, Barley Cinnamon, Red and White Port, Sherry, Lisbon, and Mountain, Malaga, Claret, and Tent Wines;—best Mogul Cards, Florence Oil, Wine and Common Vinegar, White and Brown Sugar Candy; best Orange Marmalade, Currant Jelly, Jar Raisins, Turkey Figs, St Catharine and Common Prunes, Currants; Jordan, Valencia, Bitter and Shell Almonds; Lemons, Bitter, and Sweet Oranges, and Brandy Shrub at 2 s. 6 d. per bottle; best English Bottled Cyder; with a variety of other Groceries not mentioned, all sold at the lowest prices, for ready money only.

## Auction of Haberdashery Goods by Mrs Bowie.

ROBERT BARCLAY AND COMPANY, Milliners and Haberdashers, Bridge-Street, Edinburgh, being immediately to dissolve the Partnership, and wind up the concerns, beg leave to acquaint their Friends and the Public, that they are to dispose of their valuable and fashionable Assortment of MILLINERY and HABERDASHERY GOODS, by auction or sale, in that large ware-room immediately above their present shop, where bargains may be depended on, as it is determined, from different interests being engaged, that every thing shall positively be sold off.—The sale will begin on Tuesday next, at eleven o'clock forenoon and at four o'clock afternoon, to continue till all be sold off.—The Company beg leave further to acquaint their customers, that their account-books are now in the hands of Mr William Sprout Solicitor at law, in order to recover payment of the debts still outstanding, to whom it is desired that payment be, immediately made, to prevent prosecutions, as no further indulgence without exception can be given to any indebted.

July 5, 1783.

## EDINBURGH RACES.

THERE is to be run for over the Sands of Leith, on MONDAY the 14th day of July 1783, The CITY OF EDINBURGH'S PLATE OF FIFTY POUNDS Sterling value, for Horses, &c. that never won that value, Hunters Purse and Plates excepted, carrying 13 stone, the best of three Four-mile Heats.

On TUESDAY the 15th, HIS MAJESTY'S PURSE OF ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS, for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, the best of three Four-mile Heats:

4 years old to carry 7 stone 4 lib. | 6 years old, 9 stone 5 lib.  
5 years old, 8 stone 9 lib. | And Aged Horses, 10 stone.

ON WEDNESDAY the 16th, FIFTY POUNDS for all ages, the best of three Four-mile Heats:

4 years old to carry 7 stone 4 lib. | 6 years old, 8 stone 10 lib.  
5 years old, 8 stone 4 lib. | And aged horses, 9 stone.

On THURSDAY the 17th, FIFTY POUNDS for real Hunters that have hunted in Scotland, and never won 50 l. (Hunters Plates and matches excepted) carrying eleven stone, the best of three Four-mile Heats.

On FRIDAY the 18th, FIFTY POUNDS for all Ages, the best of three Four-mile Heats:

4 years old to carry 7 stone 4 lib. | 6 years old, 8 stone 10 lib.  
5 years old, 8 stone 4 lib. | And aged horses, 9 stone.

A winner of one Fifty this year, to carry 3 lib. and of two Fifties, 5 lib. extra. Four year old Fillies allowed 3 lib.

On SATURDAY the 19th, A PURSE for the Beaten Horses, &c. of the week:

4 years old to carry 7 stone 4 lib. | 6 years old, 8 stone 10 lib.  
5 years old, 8 stone 4 lib. | And aged horses, 9 stone.

The best of three four-mile Heats. A winner of the King's Plate, or of two Fifties this week will not be allowed to start again.

The horses, &c. to be shown, and entered at the clerk of Leith's office on Saturday preceding the Races, between the hours of four and six afternoon, when the proper certificates must be produced, and the usual entry-money paid.

N. B. There will be Ordinaries during the Race-week at Fortune's, and Assemblies, as usual.

JOHN CAMPBELL of Calder, Esq;

COLONEL DUNDAS,

And WILLIAM MURE of Caldwell, Esq;

STEWARDS.

## HAMILTON RACES.

TO be run for over HAMILTON COURSE, upon Tuesday the 29th day of July 1783, FIFTY GUINEAS, for five, six, and aged horses, &c. carrying the following weights:

Five years old, 8 st. 9 lib.  
Six years old, 9 2  
Aged, 9 6

The best of three four-mile heats.

On Wednesday the 30th day of July, FIFTY GUINEAS, for five, six, and aged horses, &c. carrying the following weights:

Five years old, 8 st. 9 lib.  
Six years old, 8 7  
Aged, 8 11

The best of three four-mile heats.

On Thursday the 31st day of July, FIFTY GUINEAS, for four years old colts and fillies, carrying the following weights:

Colts, 8 st. 10 lib.  
Fillies, 8 7

The best of three two-mile heats.

The horses to be entered at the town-clerk's office, Hamilton, on Friday the 25th day of July, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon. Each horse to pay One Guinea entrance, and Five Shillings to the clerk.

A proper certificate must be shown at entering each horse.

The winner of the first Fifty not allowed to start for the second.

If only one horse enters for any of the Fifties, to be allowed Twenty Guineas: If two only enter, each of them to be allowed Ten Guineas, or to run, in the option of the Stewards; as without their consent no race is to be, unless three reputed running horses start.

If any disputes shall arise at entering or running, the same to be determined by the Stewards, or by whom they shall appoint.

An Ordinary to be at the Fox and Hounds, and King's Arms Inns.

His Grace the DUKE OF HAMILTON,

ROBERT BAIRD of Newbyth, Esq;

ANDREW HOUSTOUN of Jordanhill, Esq;

STEWARDS.

Musselburgh, July 4, 1782.

Deferted last night from His Majesty's 26th Regiment of Foot, quartered here.

**JOHN McDONALD**, aged 18 years, five feet four inches high, swarthy complexion, dark brown hair, hazel eyes, round visage, rather in-kneed; by trade a labourer, born in the parish of Killean, shire of Argyle; had on when he deferted a regimental jacket, with yellow cuffs and cap, and white cloth waistcoat, the buttons of the jacket and waistcoat of the 77th regiment, to which he formerly belonged; plush breeches, with plain white metal buttons; wore a white cloth foraging cap lined with red furs.

Also, **ALEXANDER GRANT**, aged 19, five feet three and a half inches high, fresh complexion, light brown hair, grey eyes, two of his fore teeth projecting outwards, downward looks, born in the town of Cromdale, shire of Inverness; had on when he deferted a regimental jacket, with yellow cuffs and cap, white cloth waistcoat, the buttons of jacket and waistcoat of the 77th regiment, to which he formerly belonged; plush breeches, with plain white metal buttons, and wore a regimental hat.

The above two deferters were seen last night in company with a person dressed in the 77th regimental uniforms, and white breeches, sized about five foot five and a half inches high.

Whoever apprehends and secures either of the above Deferters, shall receive TWO GUINEAS, over and above the reward allowed by Act of Parliament, on application to the Commanding Officer of the 16th Regiment, at Musselburgh; to Lieutenant Patrick Stewart, recruiting at Aberdeen; or to Ensign Ch. Davidson, 16th Regiment, recruiting at Glasgow.

## HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

TO be SOLD by roup at the New Bush of Ellersrow, next house to the harbour of Musselburgh, upon Saturday the 14th instant, The HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, BED and TABLE LINEN, and whole HOUSEHOLD GOODS, which belonged to the deceased Mr David Smith merchant there, to begin at ten o'clock forenoon precisely.

All persons owing to the defunct's estate, will please to order payment to John Smith writer to the signet, who has power to discharge them; and any person having claims against the defunct, may apply as above.

N. B. The business carried on at Newbush, as in the following advertisement.

## ROBERT SPEED, Merchant at New Bush of

Ellersrow, takes this opportunity of acquainting the customers of the late Mr David Smith merchant there, and the Public in general, that he has succeeded Mr Smith in business, and presently carries on the timber trade in all its branches, having purchased Mr Smyth's whole stock on hand, and also continues to import cargoes adapted to the market; and assures all who are so good as employ him, that he will always take care to have a good assortment of timber of the best quality, which will be sold at the most reasonable rates; that commissions shall be punctually attended to, and favours gratefully remembered.

From the LONDON GAZETTE, July 1.

War Office, July 1, 1783.

Second troop of horse grenadier guards, John Harcourt Powell, Gent. is appointed to be Sub-Lieutenant, vice Peter Searle.

2d Regiment of foot, Robert Farquhar, Gent. to be Ensign, vice George F. Hodgdon.

10th Regiment of foot, William Ross, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Thomas Whitaker.

11th Regiment of foot, Robert Adair, Gent. to be Ensign, vice James Allen. Lieutenant Charles Wale, of the 97th regiment, to be Captain of a company, vice Charles Hallings.

14th Regiment of foot, Ensign John Jones to be Lieutenant, vice William Minet.

16th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant John Gordon Cuming, of the 68th regiment, to be Captain of a company, vice George Sproule.

20th Regiment of foot, Captain-Lieutenant John Gaskill to be Captain of a company, vice John Stanley. Lieutenant Richard Norman to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice John Gaskill. Ensign Jonas Jones to be Lieutenant, vice Richard Norman. Cammings, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Jonas Jones.

21st Regiment of foot, Second Lieutenant Joseph Baird to be First Lieutenant, vice Brown.

25th Regiment, Captain-Lieutenant John Williamson to be Captain of a company, vice George Parkhurst. Lieutenant H. A. Wright to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice John Williamson. Ensign Waton Balderston to be Lieutenant, vice H. A. Wright.

30th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant William Minet, from the 14th regiment, to be Captain of a company, vice William Rochfort.

48th Regiment of foot, Ensign John Murray to be Lieutenant, vice M'Mahon. John Dalziel, Gent. to be Ensign, vice John Murray.

66th Regiment, 1st battalion, Ensign John Waton to be Lieutenant, vice James Campbell. Ensign William Vassal May, from the 94th regiment, to be Ensign, vice John Waton.

60th Regiment, 2d battalion, Hospital Mate Isaac Titford to be Surgeon, vice Home.

63d Regiment of foot, Lieutenant John Lucas, of the 50th regiment, to be Captain of a company, vice the Honourable George Rawdon.

64th Regiment of foot, Ensign Alexander Simpson, of the 1st battalion of the 60th regiment, to be Lieutenant, vice William Rochfort.

65th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant Jeremy French, of the 94th regiment, to be Captain of a company, vice Thomas Barrett.

71st Regiment of foot, Lieutenant James Campbell, of the 1st battalion of the 60th regiment, to be Captain of a company, vice Edward Frazer. Ensign Menzies to be Lieutenant, vice Thomas Hamilton. Sergeant-Major Peter M'Craw, to be Adjutant, vice Thomas Frazer.

72d Regiment of foot, Lieutenant David M'Colloch, of the 2d battalion of the 73d regiment, to be Captain of a company, vice Peter Delhose.

73d Regiment, 2d battalion, Ensign James M'Pherson to be Lieutenant, vice David M'Colloch.

84th Regiment of foot, 2d battalion, Milbourne West, Gent. to be Ensign, vice M'Kinnon.

92d Regiment of foot, Lieutenant William Peers, of the 63d regiment, to be Captain of a company, vice George Earl of Crawford. Ensign John Clement to be Lieutenant, vice James Abernethy.

94th Regiment of foot, Archibald Campbell, Gent. to be Ensign, vice William Vassal May. Lieutenant Kenneth M'Kenzie, of the 2d battalion of the 73d regiment, to be Captain of a company, vice James Lee. Ensign William Martin, of the 4th battalion of the 60th regiment, to be Lieutenant, vice Jeremy French. James Talbot, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Andrew Williamson.

99th Regiment of foot, Ensign Richard Newcombe to be Lieutenant, vice Thomas Sankey. John Clayton Cowell, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Richard Newcombe. Ensign Robert Cowell, to be Lieutenant, vice James Jackson. Campbell Getty, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Robert Cowell.

John Wemyss, Esq; late Colonel of the Sutherland regiment of Fencibles, to be Captain in the army by brevet.

From the London Papers, July 1.

Petersburgh, June 6. Notwithstanding the success which, it is said, the negotiations of M. Bulgakov has had at Constantinople, as well with respect to the known objects of discussion, as with regard to the proposed treaty of commerce, the appearances of an approaching and vigorous war between our Court and the Porte daily encrease, and are even arrived to such a point, that, according to the last letters from the frontiers of Turkey, we may expect immediately to receive some important news.

Mr Harris, Minister from his Britannic Majesty, has just received advice from his Court, that he is appointed to go, after the conclusion of the peace, and reside in the same quality at the Court of their High Mightinesses the States-General, and is to be replaced here by Mr Fitzherbert.

Buda, June 8. If some letters from Walachia are to be credited, the Russians have already rendered themselves masters of that important place Oczakow, and consequently of the greatest part of the Crimea. The garrison of that fortress, which consists, it is said, of 4000 men, has been entirely defeated; but this news wants confirmation.

Madrid, June 2. The expedition against Algiers, which we had hitherto considered as doubtful, will certainly take place immediately. Sixty sail of warlike shipping, consisting of chebecks, gallics, fireships, bomb and cannon vessels, collected at Malaga, have already sailed for Carthage; and we are informed that Don Barcelo arrived on the 19th ult. at Malaga, from whence he departed the same day for Alicante, the nearest and best situated port for this expedition.

Hague, June 24. Letters from Stockholm, dated the 10th instant, inform us, that the King of Sweden, who set out that evening from thence to Finland, is going to Wibourg, the principal city of Carrelia, where he is to have an interview with the Empress of Russia, who is expected there.

Divers authentic letters and advices from good authority announce a war between the Russians and Turks as quite certain.

Brussels, June 19. We are assured that his Imperial and Royal Majesty will make another loan of 2,000,000 of florins in this country, at four per cent. interest, and that the house of the Widow Nexine and Son, bankers of the court, charged with this negotiation, daily expect the grant from his Imperial Majesty for that purpose.

## A M E R I C A.

From the NEW YORK GAZETTE.

New York, May 8. Captain Cooke, of the 37th regiment, went to bathe in the North River on Tuesday noon, was unfortunately carried away by the tide, and, no assistance being near, was drowned.

New York, May 13. On Saturday arrived the schooner Dove, Captain Howland, from St Augustine; by whom we learn, that a few privateers belonging to that province, manned with 300 men, commanded by Major Devenax, landed on the island of New Providence about the 7th of April, and surprised the Spanish garrison, consisting of about 600 men, without any loss on either side, upon which the island was immediately surrendered to the English.

Philadelphia, May 17. Sir Guy Carleton, in his conference with his Excellency General Washington, it is said, declared he could not positively assign the time when the British garrison would be withdrawn from New York, as he had received no orders for that purpose, but was in daily expectation that such instructions from his Court would arrive by the next packet; and that he should make every preparation on his part for such an event.

New York, May 20. Friday, arrived a vessel from Halifax, by which we learn, that the fleet, with about 6000 refugees, which lately left this city, were safely landed at Port Rofaway, after a six days passage.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Worcester (Massachusetts Bay) to his friend in this city, dated May 19.

"The ingratitude of the people every day appears more and more against the absentees; they think Britain has, by the 5th article, completely put you into their power. We this day had a town meeting upon the affair of the return of the absentees, when, by thirteen votes and resolves, they are represented as the beginners of the war, and the occasion of all the cruelties, bloodsheds, burnings, &c. that have taken place. The town has voted that they shall never return amongst us, and have given their representative (Samuel Curtis) instructions to use his endeavour in the General Assembly to prevent it by all means in his power."

New York, May 31. By a vessel from Halifax, which arrived here on Wednesday last, we have the melancholy account of the loss of his Majesty's ship Pallas, which failed from the West Indies some time ago, bound for this port.

On Wednesday arrived here his Majesty's brig Observer, Lieutenant Crymes commander, in eight days from Port Rofaway.

Extra? of a letter from Port Rofaway, May 18.

"It is now 14 days since the fleet arrived, during which time the new inhabitants have been employed in laying out and clearing streets, and are now almost ready to draw for their town lots. I am very agreeably disappointed in my former ideas of this place; the harbour is the best I ever saw, the soil is good, the country level, and there is every prospect of a flourishing settlement."

From the NEW YORK PAPERS.

Richmond, Virginia, May 17. The House of Delegates have passed an act to repeal the several acts of Assembly, for seizure and condemnation of British goods found on land, which is now before the Senate; they have also given leave to bring in a bill for laying an impost of five per cent. for the use of Congress. By the first of these acts, admission will be given to British ships and manufactures into the ports of this commonwealth, which, we doubt not, will be followed by a rivalship in other European powers, and produce to this country all the benefits of commerce. By the other act a prospect

opened of establishing a permanent fund to the use of Congress, for the great purpose of paying the annual interest of the American debt, both foreign and domestic.

Head Quarters, New York, May 26. 1783.

#### ORDERS.

All persons desirous to leave New York are to give in their names at the Adjutant-General's Office, before the 7th day of June next, with a list of their families, expressing the place of their residence, and where they wish to be removed to.

(Signed) OL. DE LANCEY,  
Adjutant-General.

Newport, May 10. Last Wednesday, being the anniversary election of supreme Magistrates, and other officers, for the government of this state, the following gentlemen were elected to the offices prefixed to their respective names, viz. his Excellency William Greene, Esq; Governor, and the Hon. Jabez Bowen, Esq; Deputy-Governor.

Delegates to represent this state in Congress: Hon. William Ellery, Esq; Hon. Jonathan Arnold, Esq; Hon. David Howell, Esq; Hon. Henry Marchant, Esq;

Hartford, May 15. Last Thursday, being the annual general election of the Governor and Company of the State of Connecticut, the following gentlemen were chosen, viz. his Excellency Jonathan Trumbull, Esq; Governor; the Hon. Mathew Griswold, Esq; Deputy Governor.

Delegates to Congress: Samuel Huntington, Oliver Ellsworth, Oliver Wolcott, Benjamin Huntington, Jedidiah Strong, Stephen M. Mitchell, and Richard Law, Esqrs.

Boston, May 8. At a meeting of the freeholders and other inhabitants of the town of Boston, assembled at Faneuil Hall, on Tuesday last, the following Gentlemen were made choice of as Representatives, viz.

Hon. William Phillips, Esq; Hon. John Pitts, Esq; Nathaniel Appleton, Esq; Hon. Calib Davis, Esq; Thomas Dawes, Esq; Mr Thomas Walley, Hon. James Sullivan, Esq;

New York, April 11. Last Friday evening, about ten o'clock, the magazine in Norwich, situated on the hill near the Meeting-house, which contained about 2500 weight of powder, a considerable quantity of musket and other ball, langrage, &c. was set on fire by some villain, as yet unknown. The building was discovered to be on fire about half an hour before the explosion; but the hazard of extinguishing it was thought to be so great that it was not attempted. The damage done to the buildings in the town is very considerable; but providentially no lives were lost.

#### HOUSE OF COMMONS, Monday, July 2.

Mr Anguish and Mr Pigot, two of the Commissioners of Public Accounts, presented a tenth report, which was ordered to be printed.

Mr Misford, from the Customs in Scotland, presented six accounts, two of them relative to brass.

Mr Misford also presented two accounts of fees, and incidental expenses from the Excise in Scotland; which were ordered severally to lie on the table.

Passed the Feverham Ordnance bill.

Read a first time the Exchequer notes, Sinking Fund, and Exchequer regulation bills; and ordered the last to be read a second time on the morrow, and printed.

Ordered the Dominica free port bill to be engrossed.

Lord John Cavendish presented an account of the debt due on the Civil List, which was referred to the Committee appointed to consider the King's speech.

Ordered the Commissioners of Public Accounts bill to be engrossed.

Passed the malt compounding bill.

Ordered in a bill pursuant to the resolution of yesterday, for taking off the duties payable on the importation of snuffs.

Ordered in bills on the resolution of his Majesty's messages for granting the pensions to Lord Rodney and Sir George Augustus Eliott, &c.

Captain Johnson reported from the Committee on the East India reports, four resolutions, which were read and agreed to, and a bill ordered in.

Resolved that the House will, early in the next sessions of Parliament, consider of the East India reports.

The order of the day being then read to take into consideration that part of his Majesty's speech which relates to his debts, &c. the House resolved itself into a Committee, in which they came to a resolution to enable his Majesty to raise the sum of 35,000 l. for the purpose of paying off and discharging the Civil List debts, which resolution was ordered to be reported on the morrow.

Read a second time, and committed for Friday, the wine relanding and Americana bills.

Ordered in a bill to prevent the exportation of corn with a bounty.

Went now into a Committee to take into consideration the propriety of making some alterations in the revenue laws.

Lord John Cavendish proposed, that the duty on muslins, calicoes, and mankeens be reduced from 48 l. to 18 l. per cent. and a drawback of 10 l. per cent. allowed on their exportation. This regulation, he said, would operate powerfully against smuggling, as it would leave the smuggler a possibility only of making 8 l. per cent. instead of 36 l. per cent. profit, which they now made; and as probably very little or none of the above articles would hereafter be consumed here which should not have paid the duty, there was reason to hope the revenue would be increased by it, rather than diminished. The regulation was agreed to without opposition.

Lord John Cavendish then informed the Committee, that as there were some lands in Jamaica, which, though not rich enough to produce sugar, were yet proper for the cultivation of coffee and cocoa; and as it was in contemplation to encourage such of the Americans of the southern colonies who should not choose to live under Congress, to settle on these lands, he proposed to reduce the duty on cocoa and coffee, the produce of British plantations, from 1 s. 6 d. per lb. weight to 6 d. The whole of the duty on these two articles, at present, did not exceed 15,000 l. so that if it should all be lost, which was by no means likely, the loss would be made up by the increase of our own, and the decrease in the home consumption of coffee and chocolate, exclusive of the benefit which the Loyalists would derive from it. The proposition also passed without opposition, and the House being then resumed,

The order of the day for going into a committee on the Custom-house bill, was moved for; but before the Speaker left the chair,

Mr Wilberforce moved an instruction to the Committee, to receive a clause to alter the present regulation, by which no greater quantity of tea than 40 lb. can be removed from one

place to another, without the bill of mortality, without a permit.

Lord John Cavendish opposed the motion, saying, he understood by the report of the Commissioners of the Customs that the regulation was a good one; and that any regulation in it would be prejudicial to the revenue.

The House then divided on the motion, which was rejected, there appearing

For it, 12  
Against it, 51

After which the House went into a committee, and filled up the blanks.

Mr Dempster then moved an address to his Majesty, that he would be graciously pleased to institute an enquiry into the facts relative to the raising a regiment last war on the borders of Switzerland, by Colonel Erskine, and that he would be pleased to order such relief to the officers as should appear warranted by the result of the enquiry. Mr Dempster said, that many of the officers who are Swiss, had been banished their country, and had their property confiscated, because they had engaged to raise men for England. The regiment, however, was raised with the countenance of Government, for the East India Company, who refusing to make any compensation to the officers, they were starving in London. The mode of proceeding, without papers being laid before the House, not appearing eligible, it was at last agreed, that copies of all the letters and orders relative to raising the above regiment, be laid before it by the East India Company, and referred to a committee. This being agreed to, Mr Dempster withdrew his motion, and the House adjourned.

#### From the London Papers, July 3.

Leghorn, June 7. We learn that in the town of Aquila, in the Abruzzia Farther, one of the northern provinces of the kingdom of Naples, an earthquake has been felt, which had also extended to the adjacent parts.

Paris, June 20. The signing of the definitive treaty has never been talked of so positively as at present. We are assured that the last hand will be put to it upon the return of a courier from London. It is much doubted whether England will desist from her demands; and it is thought the Dutch will be obliged to give up Negapatnam. They have this last article much at heart, but it is said that their repugnance in consenting to it will not be any obstacle to the treaty; the Duke of Manchester having declared, that the king his master was so bent on retaining Negapatnam or Trincomalee, that he would refuse any sum which might be offered as an equivalent.

Utrecht, June 27. A report universally prevails, "That Russia hath declared war against the Porte, and that the Russian army is advanced in three divisions against Bender."

#### L O N D O N.

Yesterday morning Lord Hood waited on his Majesty at the Queen's Palace, and afterwards his Lordship went to the levee at St James's, and kissed his Majesty's hand on being created a peer.

The same day Lord Rodney was at court, and kissed his Majesty's hand on the annuity settled on him.

Yesterday Sir Joseph York arrived in town from Holland, and immediately waited on the King.

The late match between Sir Joseph York and the Dowager Baronesse de Boetzelar has been long in agitation. The lady is not unsuitable to Sir Joseph in point of age; is well jointured, and one of the most accomplished women in Holland.

Late yesterday afternoon it was currently reported on Change, that the Neptune East Indiaman had been spoke with in the Channel, by a fishing boat, who gives an account, that the Neptune failed from St Helena, in company with the Tartar, Lord Mulgrave, Rochford, Deptford, and Royal Admiral, all of which were coming up the Channel.

The arrival of the East India fleet happens very a propos for the Company, as their affairs are in a situation which requires an immediate supply of cash, and the ships now arrived contain great wealth.

The Danish East-Indiaman which lately arrived from Tranquebar, spoke with the General Eliott East-Indiaman, in company with another ship, supposed to be the Besborough, the beginning of May, all well. These two were the last of the Company's ships that sailed in March.

The Tartar, Mulgrave, Rochford, Resolution, Neptune, Deptford, Royal Admiral, Essex, and Southampton, are the ships expected home from St Helena's, a vessel having been dispatched the beginning of February to notify the peace.

The Europe, of 64 guns, Captain Phillips, which failed in January last, was not intended for India; her orders were to see the Indiamen to St Helena, and to bring back such ships as were ready, under her convoy.

The Lively East-India packet is ordered to be docked immediately, that she may carry over the Company's next dispatches.

This morning some dispatches were received from Sir Guy Carleton at New York, dated the 4th of June, when every thing remained quiet.

Before the last packet left New York, near three thousand of the British prisoners of war had arrived at New York from Philadelphia. By the April returns of British prisoners then in Philadelphia to the Commander in Chief at New York, the numbers stood, 5826, out of which there were but 806 Germans, and 326 belonging to provincial corps, which last the Americans determined should not stay among them, and came in with the first division to New York. Most of the 806 Germans (which is hardly a tenth of what have been made prisoners) had arrears of pay due to them; which they went into New York to receive. A correspondent wishes to know what has become of the other many thousands British and Hessian soldiery; for, by the Gazette accounts, upwards of fifteen thousand have surrendered under capitulation.

This day several of the Loyalists arrived in town from New York, from whence they came over passengers in the transports arrived at Portsmouth.

Many people in Nova Scotia write over to their friends in London, that it is intended to establish a militia there similar to the volunteers of Ireland, for which purpose every person in the colony will be trained to arms, in order to be ready to repel any future blow that may be meditated.

By the last packet which arrived yesterday from New York, information is received, that on the 13th of May, the schooner Dove had arrived there from St Augustine, and had brought an account, that Major Devaux, with three hundred troops and seamen had landed on the 7th of April, at the island of New Providence, and early in the morning pointed a cannon in front of the Governor's quarters, summoned his Excellency to sur-

render the island, which being consented to, 600 Spaniards, with the island, its dependencies, and 250,000 Spanish dollars fell into his hands; but this surrender happened three days after the cessation of arms declared between different powers at war. Eng. Chron.

Yesterday dispatches were sent off from Lord North's office, Whitehall, to Sir Guy Carleton, at New York. They are confidently said principally, to relate to the final disposal of the troops, and the evacuation of that province by his Majesty's forces there, but with a caution not to proceed with such a degree of precipitation, notwithstanding all remonstrances to the contrary, as may in any degree prove injurious to the troops, towards whom the inhabitants have behaved with the utmost insolence and rancour. At the same time, a dispatch was also sent from the same office to his Excellency Governor Tryon, Governor of East Florida, with some additional instructions relating to the conduct to be observed in ceding it to his Most Catholic Majesty, and the disposal of the slaves, and other inhabitants, attached to the British owners in that province. Ibid.

A French gentleman, charged with some particular official dispatches, arrived at Dover from Calais on Sunday morning last, then rode post to town, and returned back on his way to France about twelve o'clock on Monday noon.

A very large house at Bourdeaux has protested against American bills, within the last six weeks, to the amount of 40,000 l.

A letter from Rotterdam says, that the weather has been so tempestuous, that several vessels have been cast away on their coast: that three vessels laden with coals from Sunderland, and another from Yarmouth, and two from the north sea, were all lost the 18th and 20th of June, but most of the crews were saved.

Tuesday's mail brought letters from Paris, dated the 23d of June, in which they make mention of fresh advices being received from Mons. de Suffrein, which came over land, and are dated as low as the 24th of February, in which mention is made, that the French officer having gone down to Achén, on the island of Sumatra, and with the help of two ketches which had arrived there from Europe, sent out by the Dutch, refitted the ships of his squadron which he took thither, returned on the 2d of February off Ceylon, from whence he sailed the 3d, and on the 6th arrived off Tranquebar, where he was joined by two of his ships which had repaired in the Danish port, when he beat his course to the northward, and at the writing of his advices was at Gangapatnam, which lies between Bengal and Madras; in the province or kingdom of Orissa, on the Coromandel coast. He is supposed to have taken this station to intercept the India Company's ships, and to prevent supplies being sent to Madras from Fort William. There was no news of the English squadron on the coast of Coromandel when these advices came away; and Suffrein, according to the French letters, was meditating some operations, as his fleet was strong and superior in number to what the English squadron could be supposed to muster; but does not mention any Dutch men of war having then joined, or of the arrival of any in India.

Yesterday the Judges of the King's Bench delivered their opinion upon the point, whether the proprietors of the water-works at London bridge were liable to pay the assessment towards reimbursing the damages done by the riots in June 1780. Lord Mansfield thought, that invention and ingenuity were exempted, and consequently that the water-works were not liable. Judge Ashurst was of the same opinion. Mr Buller and Mr Willes were of the opposite way of thinking, and the matter therefore now rests with the twelve Judges.

This morning Earl Mansfield gave judgment in the Court of King's Bench against Lord Potchefter, in the long-pending cause between his Lordship and Mr Petre, respecting the damage recovered in the actions for bribery at the general election at Cricklade.

By this determination we understand Mr Petre will recover the sum of 14,000 l. besides costs of suit, which, it is supposed, will amount to 10,000 l. more.

Yesterday an officer of the navy was privately examined for many hours before Mr Alderman Hart, at Guildhall, charged with a capital forgery, and was committed to Wood-street Compter.

The following resolutions were part of the business of Monday in the House of Commons, from the Committee of Supply of Friday night:

11,236 l. be granted to his Majesty to make good the like sum issued, in pursuance of addresses of this House.

14,452 l. to Duncan Campbell, Esq; for maintaining the convicts.

25,000 l. for carrying on the buildings at Somerset-house.

7509 l. for the Commissioners of public accounts.

1006 l. for the officers of the Board of Works, for their trouble and expenses in making surveys of the losses occasioned by the riots in June 1780.

76,849 l. be granted to make good the money issued to American sufferers.

800 l. for paving the streets in the parishes of St Margaret and St John's, Westminster.

15,000 l. for half-pay to provincial corps in the British service.

13,000 l. for the British forts and settlements in Africa.

2760 l. for the pay of General and Staff Officers in Great Britain.

77,985 l. for the pay of reduced officers of land forces and marines, for 1783.

574 l. for allowances to officers and private gentlemen of horse-guards reduced, for 1783.

47,500 l. upon further account of reduced officers of land forces, for 1783.

3513 l. upon account of several officers pay, late in the service of the States-General.

5329 l. for defraying the expenses of building bridges, and making roads and communications in Scotland.

Extract of a letter from Paris, June 25.

"The fleet that are arrived in the road of Berthoume, from the Antilles, consists of 17 ships, viz. two of 80 guns, four 74, three of 64, one of 50, three frigates, two fireships, and two sloops, all which are to be paid off, and laid up at Brest. This is the first division; another will arrive in a month or six weeks."

Extract of a letter from Flushing, June 26.

"A vessel is sitting out here, to carry over some Dutch emigrants, who are going to settle in North Carolina, where Congress have had it in contemplation to establish a new town on the banks of one of the rivers. The first foreign settlers are to have the same privileges as Americans born."

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Wheat, 40 s. a 55 s.  
Bacon, 28 s. a 33 s.  
Lard, 30 s. a 34 s.  
Butter, 17 s. a 27 s.  
Malt, 40 s. a 45 s.  
Beer ditto, 43 s. a  
Ale, 38 s. a 35 s.  
Wine ditto, —

Bank Stock, 126 s.  
per cent. Ann. 177  
per cent. con. shut  
Op.  
per cent. red. 64 s.  
per cent. 1726, sh  
Long Ann. shut.  
Short Ann. 1778, sh  
India Stock, shut.  
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Lord Loughborough, since his being appointed one of the Commissioners of the Great Seal, has given general satisfaction to the tutors of the Court of Chancery, both by the equitableness and dispatch with which he conducts business, and it is said, that his Lordship will, ere long, be appointed Chancellor, to make room for Mr Wallace, who has long wished for the Chief Justiceship of the Common Pleas.

Mr Pitt will certainly have an appointment under Administration before the next meeting of Parliament, he having expressed that he was by no means ill disposed towards the greater part of the present Administration.

The Neptune, Sword, from Greenland, is arrived in the River with 12 fish and full: before she left the ice she spoke to the following ships, viz.

OF LONDON;		
Francis	7	Duke of York
Mary	3	400 seals
London	5	John and Sufannah
and 600 seals.		Supply
Bleffing	4	Favourite
Generous Friends	5	General Conway
Hawke	1	Union
Edward	2	

OF HULL;		
Manchester	17	Molly
OF NEWCASTLE;		
Kitty	13	
OF LONDON;		
Archangel	6	Experiment

PRICES OF CORN AT CORN EXCHANGE, JUNE 30.		
Wheat, 40 s. a 55 s.	Beans, 34 s. a 36 s.	
Oats, 28 s. a 33 s.	Tick Beans, 30 s. a 34 s.	
Barley, 30 s. a 34 s.	Tares, 24 s. a 30 s.	
Peas, 17 s. a 27 s.	Rape Seed, —	
Maize, 40 s. a 45 s.	Per Sack.	
Indian ditto, 43 s. a 46 s.	Fine Flour, 43 s.	
Wheat, 38 s. a 35 s.	Second Sort, 40 s.	
Barley, 30 s. a 34 s.	Third Sort, 34 s.	

PRICE OF STOCKS, JULY 3.		
Bank Stock, 126 1/2 a 125 1/2	South Sea Stock, 104 1/2	
per cent. Ann. 1777, 82 1/2 a 82 1/2	3 per cent. Old Ann. —	
per cent. con. 1777, 82 1/2 a 82 1/2	Ditto New Ann. 104 1/2	
per cent. red. 64 1/2 a 64 1/2	Ditto 1777, 82 1/2	
per cent. 1776, 104 1/2	Exch. Bills, —	
per cent. Ann. 1778, 104 1/2	Navy Bills, 114 1/2	
per cent. Ann. —	3 per cent. Scrip. 65 1/2 a 65 1/2	
per cent. Bonds, 2 1/2	4 per cent. Scrip. 83 1/2 a 82 1/2	
	Light Long. Ann. 104 1/2	
	Omnium, 1 1/2 a 1 1/2	
	Lot Tick. 14 l. 7 s. 6 d.	

WIND AT DEAL,  
JULY 2 S. S. W.

## EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, July 3.  
HOUSE OF LORDS.

"Two petitions, one signed by several prisoners confined in the Fleet, and the other by several prisoners in the King's Bench prison, were presented to the House of Peers, praying to be heard by counsel in favour of the Insolvent Debtors bill. The same being read, Lord Effingham rose up and moved, that the Insolvent bill might be read a second time on Monday next; which being agreed to, his Lordship moved for several persons, many of them prisoners now in confinement, together with the Deputy Marshal of the King's Bench, Warden of the Fleet, and the Keeper of Newgate, to attend on the second reading of the said bill, in order to prove the necessity of some immediate relief being given to them in the different goals. His Lordship expatiated a long time on the miserable situations of thousands now confined in the different goals of this country: By Lordship's account, there are upwards of ten thousand in confinement, and thirteen thousand fugitives.

Lord Mansfield said a few words upon the impropriety of admitting evidence to the bar.

Lord Bathurst was of the same opinion; said he had been in Parliament near 50 years, and never knew an instance of evidence being moved for, and which was only to prove that, which the preamble of every act of insolvency admitted; therefore declared himself against the motion.

Lord Walsingham said a few words on the same side, and on the question put, the motion passed in the negative.

In a Committee on the bill laying a duty on Quack Medicines; and also, on the bill laying a further duty on Stage Coaches, and other carriages, went through the same, and read the second time, and committed for to-morrow.

The Feverham Ordnance bill, the Portsmouth Dock, the Malt Composition bill, and the African Trade bill, were read a second time, and committed for to-morrow.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

"A Bill for settling and securing a certain annuity on George Lord Rodney, and the two next persons to whom the barony of Rodney shall descend, in consideration of the eminent services performed by the said George Lord Rodney to his Majesty and the Public; Alfo,

"A Bill for settling and securing a certain annuity for the life of the Right Honourable Sir George Augustus Elliott, Knight of the most honourable Order of the Bath, in consideration of the eminent services performed by him to his Majesty and this country," were presented to the House. The same were read a first time, and ordered to be read a second time.

The following Bills were also presented, and read a first time:

"A Bill for granting relief to the United Company of Merchants trading to the East Indies, by allowing further time for the payment of certain sums due to the Public, &c."

"A Bill for more effectual encouragement of the manufactures of flax and cotton in Great Britain."

"A Bill for the exportation of corn, grain, or meal, with a bounty during the operation of two acts of the present session of Parliament, for allowing the importation of corn at the low rates."

"A Bill for repealing so much of an act of the 21st of his present Majesty as took off the duties payable on the importation of that species of blue called Smalts, &c."

The Exchequer Loans Bill, and the Sinking Fund Bill, were read a second time, and committed for to-morrow.

The order of the day was read for taking into further consideration the report of the amendments made to the bill "for the further limitation of Writs of Right, and for the further amendment of the law." After a short debate, it was moved that the further consideration of this bill be put off for two days, which, upon the question put, was agreed to.

"The bill "for establishing certain regulations in the receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer," was read a second time, and committed for to-morrow.

"Mr Morton from the East India House presented several accounts, the titles of which were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

"Mr Ord reported from the committee on the civil list debts a resolution, which was read, agreed to, and a bill ordered to be brought in.

"Mr Ord likewise reported from the committee on muslins six resolutions, which were read, agreed to, and a bill ordered.

"The Dominica free port bill was read a third time, and passed.

"A motion was made for "an account of the several sums of money granted on account of the expenses of the new roads of communication and bridges in the Highlands of North Britain, from Midsummer 1760 to Midsummer 1783, together with an account how the same have been expended." The same were, upon the question put, ordered.

"The amendments made to the bill relative to certain Excise duties, were reported, read, and agreed to, and the bill ordered to be ingrossed.

## TAX ON BIRTHS, CHRISTENINGS, MARRIAGES, AND BURIALS.

"The House having resolved itself into a Committee on this bill, Mr Ord in the Chair,

"Sir Adam Ferguson rose up, to state to the House some objections, which, in his opinion, were very material in the present instance. He said, the bill now before the Committee was unproductive, and for this reason, that people were not bound to register their children when born; and as it was at their own option to do it or not, they certainly would avoid the trouble and expence of doing it. The Hon. Bart. therefore, wished a clause might be inserted in the bill that would oblige them to do so; for, by that means, an exact computation could be made of the inhabitants of the kingdom, or of any city or town, when the same would be found necessary. He said, this country abounded with different sects, such as Quakers, Presbyterians, Roman Catholics, &c. who never kept a register book; in order, therefore, that it should extend to all, *fine discriminate*, he wished they might be specified in the clause.

"Mr Sheridan said, he had a clause to insert in the bill, that would oblige Quakers to keep register-books; but as to the other sects, they are so very numerous, that it would be a very difficult task to ascertain them. The bill and clause were agreed to.

"General Ross, according to previous notice on Tuesday last, moved, that though he laid before the House a list of all the regiments and other corps raised since the year 1780, to the present day, the motive, he said, that induced him to bring on this motion, was in consequence of some expressions that were made use of by an Hon. Member (General Conway) in the course of the debate last Friday, wherein he (Gen. Ross) was accused of misrepresentation; in order, therefore, to exculpate himself from any such charge, he begged the attention of the House for a few moments. He entered largely into a defence of his character from the imputation laid to him, and concluded with very pointed remarks on the conduct of the Commander in Chief.

"Sir Philip Jennings Clarke rose up to declare, that though he pledged his word to second the motion, he could wish the honourable Gentleman would withdraw it.

"Sir Grey Cooper moved, that the order of the day might be read.

"General Conway then rose up and said, that he felt himself so peculiarly alluded to by the honourable Gentleman, that he could not help calling on the indulgence of the House for a few moments. He declared, on his honour, that he was totally ignorant of what the honourable General had imputed to him. He therefore wished to be informed of these abuses which were committed (as stated by the honourable General) in his department; that he would immediately correct them. He said, that the granting of brevets was entirely at the disposal of the Crown, and not with him; therefore there could be no blame laid to him on that head.

"General Burgoyne said a few words also in reply to General Ross.

"The motion was withdrawn, and the House adjourned.

"The House of Commons will adjourn on Wednesday next for a week.

"Mr Courtenay, on Wednesday last, proved one of the most able as well as the most strenuous of the advocates for Colonel Erskine in the House of Commons. Mr Courtenay urged the hardship of the case, of the Colonel and of the Swiss officers, in a manner that could not but recommend both the one and the other to the feelings and the justice of the House. Mr Courtenay stated, that the Colonel and his officers had expended full twenty thousand pounds in raising the regiment, and other expenses incidental to that business. Of this, Mr Courtenay said, the Colonel had been permitted to draw on the East India Company for six thousand pounds, for the recovery of which the Company's Solicitor had been directed to prosecute the Colonel at law. In consequence, however, of an award given by the arbitrators, to whom the Company had referred the matter, the Solicitor was ordered to stop prosecution, and the Colonel was paid two thousand more; so that there now remained a loss sustained by him, and his officers, of twelve thousand pounds, besides his just title to an adequate reward for his time, trouble, and personal service. Mr Courtenay reminded the House, that Colonel Erskine undertook the business on the good faith of Government, though, for necessary purposes of policy, it was not thought advisable that the name of Government should be directly made use of in the business. This being the true state of the case, he put it to the honour of the House, feeling as gentlemen for Colonel Erskine and his officers, whether the Colonel ought not to be rescued from the situation in which he and his officers had been thrown, and to that hour remained."

Major Moncrieffe of the Artillery is now in town. This is the Gentleman who so nobly exerted himself in the defence of Savannah, and by whose superior skill as an engineer, the Count d'Estaing was beat off from the siege of that place, after having lain before it, with the whole French artillery, and the flower of the American and French armies, for a considerable time.

To-morrow, the Annual Convention of Royal Burghs sits down here.

Saturday evening, a child fell out of a woman's arms in the Old Assembly Close, and was killed on the spot.

We hear that Mr RYDER, many years Manager of the Theatre-Royal in Dublin, and a great favourite in that city, arrived here on Saturday. We understand that he is engaged for the Races, at a considerable sum, and that he will make his appearance on Saturday next, in the *Castle of Andalusia*.

The Anniversary Meeting of THE ROYAL COMPANY OF ARCHERS; to shoot for the Silver Arrow given by the Good Town of Edinburgh, is upon Monday next the 14th inst. — The Members of the Company are called upon to meet their President and Council, by twelve o'clock, in the Company's Hall, to attend shooting for the prize, and afterwards to dine. Dinner to be upon the table half an hour after three.

Extract of a letter from Dublin, June 28.

"To the recorded honour, of Lord Temple, let it be gratefully remembered, that, previous to his departure from this kingdom, his Excellency ordered 1500 barrels of oatmeal to be purchased by the Collector of Cork, and sent to the counties of Down, Antrim, Managh, &c. to be distributed among the poor and industrious, whose poverty and large families rendered them unable to purchase this necessary article of life. By this well-timed relief, thousands have been snatched from the dreadful horrors of famine, and live to bless their bounteous and noble benefactor. Would but our nobility and gentry, in their different counties, adopt this humane example, even in part, it must in great measure lessen the direful effects of the present dearth, and threatened famine to the poor of Ireland.

## SOUND SHIPPING.

- PASSED THE SOUND,
- June 16. Unity of Dundee, Myles, from Riga, for Dundee, with flax.
17. Eagle of Campbelltown, Mackinnell, from Dantzic, for Belfast, with flax.
18. Happy Return of Kincardine, Fotheringham, from Koningberg, for Kincardine, with grain.
- Two Sisters of Montrose, Reid, from Montrose, for Koningberg, in ballast.
- Europa of Dyfart, Jaap, from Riga, for Leith, with grain.
- Antelope of Dundee, Brown, from London, for St. Petersburg, in ballast.
19. Hope of Dundee, Mavor, from Riga, for Dundee, with flax.
- Industry of Peterhead, Hutchinson, from Riga, for Montrose, with flax.
- Jane of Alloa, Gray, from Memel, for Leith, with oats.
21. Riga Merchant of Arbroath, Spink, from Riga, for Arbroath, with flax.
- Leviathan of Dyfart, Nichols, from Memel, for Leith, with logs.
- Marion of Borthwickstoness, Henry, from Memel, for Sealock, with ditto.
- Betty and Susan of Arbroath, Spink, from Riga, for Arbroath, with flax.

ELSDON, June 21. 1783. Wind, N. W. W. WOOD.

PRICES OF GRAIN AT HADDINGTON, July 4.					
Wheat	23s.	6d.	22s.	0d.	21s.
Barley	23	0	22	0	20
Oats	23	0	20	0	18
Pease	23	6	22	0	20

## A. DENNISTON, MANTUA-MAKER.

From one of the most eminent houses in that branch in London, HAS commenced business, foot of Morrison's close, Edinburgh. Ladies who are pleased to honour her with their employment may depend on having their work finished after the newest fashions at present in vogue, viz. Chemise de Lorraine, Grecian Robes, Habit Bell, Robe de Cour, and Levits, different kinds, all in the most genteel approved manner, and on the most reasonable terms.

## FOR SALE.

At Mr SMITH'S Stables under the Bridge, A VERY HANDSOME BAY HORSE, six years old, about 15 hands high, well broke, warranted sound and free of Blemish.

And also, A very handsome HUNTER, six years old, fit to carry any weight, well broke, also warranted sound.

For further particulars, enquire at Mr Smith.

## SALE OF WINES.

THAT there is to be sold, by Public Roup, at Aberdeen, in a cellar in the Ship-Row, (Sarree close, where the Excise-Office is kept) on Thursday first, the 10th current, at five o'clock afternoon,

THIRTY HOGSHEADS FRENCH RED WINE, Of a very fine quality, greatest part of it of vintage 1777; to be exposed to sale in single hogheads, or larger quantities, as officers shall incline. The Wine may be seen on Wednesday the 9th current, or on the forenoon of the day of sale, by applying to John and Alexander Dingwall in Aberdeen.

## Advertisement to CREDITORS.

JAMES HILL, writer in Glasgow, who has been, by the Court of Session, vested in the personal estate of Mess. Wilson and Brown merchants in Glasgow as a company, and of John Wilson and Andrew Brown as individuals; and who is also vested in the real and heritable estates of Mess. Wilson and Brown, in virtue of a conveyance from them severally, — Requires their whole debtors to pay to him their debts, and their whole creditors to lodge with him their claims, accounts, and vouchers of debt, with affidavits thereon, betwixt and the 12th August next; and certifies such of the creditors as fail, that they will be cut out of their share of the dividend.

## LANDS IN AYRSHIRE.

TO be SOLD by public roup, on Friday the 21st day of August next, at four o'clock in the afternoon, within the house of Robert Wharton vintner in Ayr.

The Lands of BRAEHEAD, consisting of about 80 acres, lying within two miles of Ayr, upon the river of that name. The house, which is new built and commodious, commands a beautiful and extensive prospect of the adjacent country, the town and harbour of Ayr, the frith of Clyde, islands of Arran, Bute, &c. There are likewise a complete set of offices, and an excellent orchard well stocked with fruit-trees of the best kinds; and some late trials afford the strongest presumption of an excellent coal, which has been wrought to advantage all round the farm in the next adjoining lands.

For further particulars apply to Mess. Hunter and Company in Ayr, or William Crawford in Dalvenan.

## SALE OF LANDS IN PERTHSHIRE.

TO be SOLD, by private bargain, the Lands and Estate of INNER-NETHY, (comprehending the Lands of Eastmains of Innerneithy, the Lands of Balgonie, Provost Mains and Cordon) with the tithes thereof, and salmon-fishing in the water of Earn belonging thereto, lying in the parish of Abernethy and county of Perth.

These Lands consist of 410 Scots acres, or rich carle ground, and 98 acres of hill, making in whole 508 acres. There are about 26 acres of hill arable, 52 excellent pasture, and 20 acres thereof planted, and in a very thriving condition. The Lands of Balgonie are all sufficiently inclosed with ditch and hedge; and there is a good deal of planting on the other parts of the estate. It is delightfully situated on the banks of the Earn, near the conflux of the Earn and Tay, within five miles of Perth, five of Falkland, two of Newburgh, and eight of Cupar Fife; and, from the mansion-house, which is large and commodious, there is a beautiful prospect of the above two rivers, and of a good part of the Carle of Gowrie.

The place, from its natural situation and fertility of soil, is capable of the highest improvement, and might, at a small expence, be rendered one of the pleasantest retreats in the country.

For further particulars intending purchasers will please apply to David Freer writer, at Mr Alexander Duncan's clerk, to the signet; whose hands may be seen the progress of writs, together with a rental and plan of the lands.

N. B. If the purchaser chooses, a considerable part of the price will be allowed to remain in his hands.

**ALL Persons who stood Creditors to JOHN MORISON** dyer in Stirling, at or previous to the 25th April 1782, are desired to lodge exact notes of such debts, with the grounds and vouchers thereof, and oaths of verity thereon, with Thomas Gilchrist merchant in Stirling, one of the trustees for his creditors, or Alexander Lyttelton, writer in Stirling, their common doer, betwixt and the last day of August next, with certification to those who fail, that they will be cut out of any share of his subjects, real and personal, that will soon thereafter take place. Not to be repeated.

#### NOTICE.

THAT upon the second Tuesday of August next, JOHN JOHNSTON merchant in Greenock, factor nominated by James Gemmil, Robert Corrie, John Laird, and Francis Gordon, trustees for the Creditors of WILLIAM KIPPEN and COMPANY, proposes to divide the funds in his hands among the creditors; certifying to them, that unless their claims are proved and lodged with him betwixt and the said time, they will be cut off from any share in the dividend.

#### Two Aqueduct Bridges, &c. to be Built.

CONTRACTORS are Wanted for building an AQUEDUCT BRIDGE, of six arches, over Avon Water, and one of two arches over Grange Brook, both for the Borrowstounness Canal Navigation, from the Sealock on the Main Canal, to the harbour of Borrowstounness, with which it is to communicate by a pier lock.

The greatest part of the cutting of this canal is already contracted for, and is going forward; but some lots are yet to contract for, consisting mostly of sea banking and sea walls, that will cost above 2000 l. besides passage bridges and sluice gates.

Plans and regulations may be seen in the hands of John Christie, the Carron Company's Clerk at Borrowstounness, after the 15th current; Mr Christie may be corresponded with; and plans and proposals for executing the work, must be lodged with him, on or before the first of August.

N. B. Both Aqueduct Bridges are to be built on dry land, which, when finished, Avon River and Grange Brook will be cut and let through them. Excellent free stone is to be had for the bridges and sea banking, sea walls and Sea Lock, at a small distance. BORROWSTOUNNESS, July 3. 1783.

#### AYR-SHIRE.

**THE Estate of CAIRNHILL**, lying in the parishes of Craigie and Mauchline, and thire of Ayr, is to be SOLD. It consists of about 1400 rich arable acres, and is situated about ten miles from the market-towns of Ayr and Irvine, and four from Kilmarnock.

More than half of the lands are sufficiently inclosed and subdivided; and the tenants houses are in good order. The rest of the estate is under the incumbrance of life-rent tacks, set to old people, at very low rents.

No estate can be better situated as to lime and coal; and, on the banks of the Water of Cessnock, which passes the house, there is a great deal of natural wood. The mansion-house is surrounded by a number of old trees of different kinds. The house is old; but, at a small expence, may be made commodious, the materials for building being at hand. The gardens and parks containing about 130 acres are completely fenced, and well sheltered with stripes of planting.

The present free rent of the estate is about 850 l. but at the expiry of the life-rent tacks, which from the age of the tenants must be expected in a few years, it will rise to 1200 l.

If the estate does not sell in one lot, it will be divided thus:

- I. The mansion-house, with about 2000.
- II. The Lands of Bargour and Craighead, containing about 150 acres.
- III. The Farms of Hill, Rattenraw, and Laidside, measuring about 230 acres.

N. B. The lands hold partly of the Crown, and partly of a subject superior. The rental, plans, and title deeds, with further particulars, may be seen in the hands of James Ferrier writer to the signet, Edinburgh; and the proprietor, or Bruce Campbell, Esq; of Mayfield, near Cairnhill, will show the lands, and treat with those intending to purchase.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, on Wednesday the 23d of July 1783, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh.

**That Part of the Lands of MAINS and KIRKTON of EARL STRATHDIGHTY**, lying within the county of Forfar, and parish of Mains, and contained between the high road leading from Dundee to Glamis, and the high road leading from Dundee to Arbuthnot.

This estate is well situated within one mile of the town of Dundee, and is let to substantial tenants. From the nature of the leases, no expence whatever can be incurred by the proprietor during the currency of them, and a very certain and considerable rise will take place upon their expiry.

The present neat rent of this estate, after deducting public burdens is about 820 l. Sterling, including 41 l. 13 s. 8 d. of feu-duties. The property lands extend to about 745 Scots acres. There is plenty of free stone upon them. They abound in game, and have a troutling water running through the middle of the estate, which, besides thriving hedge-rows round most of the inclosures, has old timber growing upon it to a considerable amount.

James Lorimer at Oil Mill, or Mr Abercrombie at the House of Mains, will show the grounds; and the title-deeds, which are clear, together with a plan of the estate, are lodged with David Erskine clerk to the signet, to whom any person inclining to make a private bargain, or desirous of farther information, may apply.

#### BY ORDER OF THE HONOURABLE

**COMMISSIONERS OF HIS MAJESTY'S CUSTOMS,** THERE is to be exposed to public roup and sale, within the Custom-house of Port-Glasgow, on Monday the 14th of July inst. at the hour of twelve noon,

477 Casks, containing 4065 gallons Brandy, and the Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture of the Ship Greyhound, with the Materials of the Hull, after being broke up;—a parcel of grape and round Shot, two Carriage Guns, four-pounders; two Ladles and Ramrods; two Corn-horns, four pounders; two Muskets, six Bayonets, eight Cutlasses, and seven Pistols.

#### For Sale by Auction at Liverpool,

AT Mr George Dunbar's Office, Exchange Alley, on Tuesday the 22d of July, at one o'clock at noon,

**The Good Ship BETSEY**, a three decker, now lying in the South Dock, with all her materials, as per inventory, burden about 550 tons, square sterned, river built, new sheathed, about fourteen months old, is well found, sails fast, hath good accommodations for passengers, and of the following dimensions:—

Length upon deck,	103 feet.
Breadth of beam,	26
Depth of the hold,	12 4
Height of the lower deck,	4 3
Ditto of upper deck,	5 4
Draught of water when load,	18 feet.

Inventory and other particulars may be had by applying to Messrs Croftie and Greenwood, or Mr George Dunbar, Liverpool; or at John Glen and Co. Sealock.

#### For JAMAICA,

And to call at any of the Leeward Islands, if sufficient freight offers, **The Ship Governor Dalling**, BENJAMIN MOORE Master.

She will be ready to receive goods at Port-Glasgow in a month, and clear to sail in all July. For freight, apply to Robert Dunmore and Co. merchants in Glasgow, or to Patrick Douglass merchant in Port-Glasgow. GLASGOW, 28th May 1783.

#### PRICES FURTHER REDUCED.

**Judicial Sale adjourned to Wednesday the 23d July 1783.** BY authority of the Court of Session, there are to be exposed to SALE by way of public roup, within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 23d day of July 1783, betwixt the hours of three and five afternoon, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills,

The REMAINING PART of the SUBJECTS which belonged to WILLIAM TAYLOR, late Writer in Edinburgh, THE TOWN and LANDS OF SOUTHFODD, alias SOUTH-FIELD, and whole pertinents thereof, lying within the parish and regality of Dunfermline, and sheriffdom of Fife.

These Lands hold of the Crown. The free yearly rent of the stock, after all deductions, is proven to be L. 252 5 5 6-12ths. Exclusive of the lime-quarry, which is proven to be worth of yearly rent, 10 0 0 And the proven free rent of these lands is 2 5 6 1-12th.

Proven free rent of stock and teind, L. 264 10 11 7-12ths.

The SUPERIORITY of the KIRKLANDS OF COUPAR, and others, lying within the parish of Coupar, and shire of Fife, holding blench of the Crown. The annual feu-duty payable out of these lands to the superior is two-pence Sterling yearly, the double thereof at the entry of each heir, and 20 l. Sterling at the entry of each singular successor. The valued rent is 264 l. Scots.

The Lands of Southfodd, along with the above Superiority, make up a qualification to vote for a member of Parliament in the county of Fife, and are now to be exposed to sale in one lot at the reduced price of 5200 l. Sterling.

The articles of roup, &c. will be seen in the hands of Mr Alexander Ross deputy clerk of Session.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, upon Wednesday the 30th day of July next, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh.

**The Lands and Estate of KENMORE**, lying in the parishes of Dalry, Balmacellan, and Kells, and shire of Fife, holding of the Crown, and valued in the cess-books at 3419 l. Scots, consisting of the number of acres, and paying the rents following, viz.

	Measure.	Rent.
I. Barony of Gordonfoun, Dalry parish.	7390 3 12	500 13 5
II. Barony of Balmacellan, in that parish.	3163 0 14	341 16 6
III. Barony of Kenmore, Kells parish.	6802 2 6	344 4 5
IV. Royal Burgh of New Galloway, and Burgh Roads.	17,356 1 32	1186 14 4

L. 1505 1 8 1/2

The teinds are valued, and there are many privileges and conveniences attending this estate, which is at present so low set, that at a moderate computation, the rents will, within five years, as the tacks expire, rise to about 2000 l. yearly. There is a great extent of natural wood and planting upon the lands, particularly about the mansion-house, part of it now fit for cutting, which would yield a considerable sum, without hurting the beauty of the place. This estate, from extent and valuation, can make sixteen freehold qualifications; and the burgh of New Galloway is one of four burghs returning a member of Parliament.

The Castle of Kenmore is commodious, and in good order, nobly situated on an eminence, commanding a most beautiful view of the policy, and of an extensive flat of fine land, a large river and lake lying adjacent, bounded with distant hills, and forming altogether one of the grandest prospects to be any where met with. The lake is at least one mile broad, and ten long, interspersed with small islands covered with wood, and plentifully forest with salmon, pike, perch, and trout. Adjoining to the Mansion House, there is a very fine garden, and a complete court of offices lately built.

The rental, title deeds, which are unexceptionably clear, and searches of the record, till a very late period, to be seen in the hands of John Sym, writer to the signet, to whom, or to David Russell, accountant, the trustee, those inclining to purchase may apply for further particulars. The tacks, surveys, and plans of the estate, to be seen in the hands of John Newall of Barkeoch, who will show the grounds to any intended purchaser.

It is proposed to expose the whole estate, or according to the different baronies, as purchasers may incline.

#### Sale of Lands in Linlithgowshire.

TO be Sold, within the Exchange Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 30th of July 1783, at six o'clock afternoon,

The Lands of BALVORMY, with the Teinds, Parsonage, and Vicarage, in the parish and sheriffdom of Linlithgow, consisting of about 339 Scots acres, whereof about 288 are arable, 6 are meadow, 24 are pasture, and 21 planted.—The whole are inclosed with stone dykes, (excepting a few acres called the Glebe) and subdivided into sixteen inclosures.

The lands lie within two miles of Linlithgow and Bathgate, and are within a mile of coal, and 500 yards of a lime draw kiln.

There are two lime quarries, and lime stone in other parts of the lands, also a good free stone quarry.

The lands have been mostly pastured with black cattle and sheep the last seven or eight years; and the medium rent, when in grass, was about 188 l. Sterling. Sixty-eight acres were set for tillage the last and three following crops, at from 2 l. 2 s. to 3 l. 4 s. Sterl. per acre per annum.

If not sold altogether, the lands will be exposed in the following lots: LOT I. The Lands on the west of the road leading from Linlithgow to Bathgate.

LOT II. The Lands between the road to Bathgate, and another road from Linlithgow to Tartraven.

LOT III. The whole Lands to the east of the last-mentioned road.

The term of payment of the price will be made convenient to the purchaser. The conditions of sale, title deeds, and a plan of the estate, will be shown by John Gray writer to the signet, who has power to sell by a private bargain; and the grounds will be shown by James Binnie at Balvormy.

#### SALE OF LANDS in Stirlingshire.

TO be SOLD, within the house of JAMES WYSE vintner in Falkirk, upon Thursday the 7th day of August next, All and Whole these different parts and portions of land of the LANDS of WOODEND, UNDERWOOD, KIPPERTON QUARTER or SEABEGS, KNOW-HEAD, and SEAMORES, which belonged to the deceased Robert McKell engineer, on the great canal, and which are now called UNDERWOOD; with the Mansion-house, Garden, Office-houses, and other houses thereon; Planting, Moss, Muir, and other pertinents thereto belonging; all lying within the parishes of Falkirk and Denny, and shire of Stirling.

The said subjects lie upon the banks of the canal, and water of Bonny. The planting is ten years old; and the mansion-house, offices, and garden, are pleasantly situated on the very borders of the canal, and at a small distance from the high road to Glasgow; and, by the benefit of the Lock, opposite said house, the canal can be crossed at pleasure in great safety.

The rent of the whole of said subjects amounts at present to 621 s. 5 s. Sterling; but the mansion-house, garden, and offices, and part of the lands, are set in tack for the space of twenty-four years, from Martinmas 1779, at the rent of 34 l. Sterling yearly; and another part of the said lands is in tack for the space of nineteen years, from Martinmas 1777, at the yearly rent of 16 l. 10 s. Sterling; but in this last tack there is a breach in favour of both master and tenant at the end of the first seven years; and, in the former, a breach of the same nature at the end of the first twenty years thereof. The tenants pay all public burdens over and above the rent. The upset price is 1500 l. Sterling.

For particulars, apply to John Johnston writer in Falkirk, with whom the progress of writs and articles of roup are to be seen, and who will treat with any person inclining a private bargain.

#### Estate of Melross, in Banff Shire.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 17th of July 1783, at five o'clock afternoon.

**THE LANDS and ESTATE of MELROSS**, with the Mill and Maltures thereof, lying in the parish of Gamrie, and shire of Banff, consisting of

	A.	R.	F.
Arable Land,	706	0	29
Improvable Ground,	324	0	3
Pasture,	663	1	6

Total Scots measure, 1693 3 38

This estate, from the long absence of the proprietor, has been little attended to by him, but is a most desirable subject for improvement. It lies pleasantly on the sea-coast, within two miles of the town of Banff, and still nearer to Down and Gardnahan, which gives it the command of manure, and affords ready markets for the produce. In general, the soil is rich, the climate early, the unimproved grounds level and well adapted for the plough, and the whole is plentifully supplied with fuel, in virtue of a servitude over the neighbouring moorles of Fishery.

The present free rent, compared to the extent and value of the subject, is uncommonly low. After deduction of public burdens, it is only 211 l. 19 s. 7 1/2 d. Sterling, including the conversion of 121 bolls and half a peck of meal at 10 s. per boll; but, in the course of the current leaves, some rises will take place; and nothing is stated, and owing to the want of hands, little is at present drawn, for a quarry of very fine blue slate, which formerly yielded 40 l. a-year, and may now be again wrought to still greater advantage.

The mansion-house and offices, built by the late proprietor, are neat and commodious, the marches clear, the roads good, and the country cheap, and the lands, which are held of the Crown, afford a freehold qualification in the county of Banff; so that, altogether, a more complete property, for its extent, can seldom appear in the market.

The tacks are in the hands of John Reid writer in Banff, who will show the grounds and furnish rentals, which, with an inventory of the progress, with an exact plan of measurement, may also be had from Andrew Stuart junior, writer to the signet, Edinburgh, who has full powers to conclude with any person inclining a private bargain betwixt and the day of roup.

#### SALE of LANDS in PERTSHIRE.

TO be Sold, by authority of the Lords of Session, within the Parliament House, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 6th of August 1783, betwixt the hours of five and seven afternoon,

The following Parts of the Lands and Barony of GLENLYON, viz. The Lands of Cheshie, Carnbarnmore, Wester Carnbarn, Eddes and Wester Invervar, and Lint Mill thereof, Rul Kirk, Lagach, Slacks, and Craignie, Camuivrackan, three fifths of Easter Aird, Dertan, Dachtierlich, Cathie and Camusay, with the grazings, &c. thereto belonging, lying in the parish of Fortingall; the free rent whereof (after deduction of the feu-duty, stipend, and school salary) is 390 l. 15 s. 11-12ths Sterling, and the upset price, or proven value, at twenty three years purchase, 13,587 l. 14 s. 8 d. 11-12ths Sterling. The lands hold for the Duke of Athole; the teinds were valued in 1635, and are regulated by the minister's stipend.

The articles of sale and title deeds may be seen by applying to Robert Stewart, writer in Edinburgh, or at the office of Mr John Calder deputy-clerk of session. Archibald McDonald, wood forester at Cheshie, will show the grounds.

#### Sale of Lands in Berwickshire.

TO be SOLD by private bargain, THE Lands and Barony of COCKBURN, and Lands of WESTER WINSHEL, adjoining thereto, with the teinds and pertinents, lying in the parish of Dunse, and shire of Berwick.

This estate is of great extent, both of arable land and pasture grounds. The arable land is a good soil and fine dry situation, capable of great improvement, and fit for the culture of turnip, clover, &c. and the pasture is known to be among the best and soundest sheep-grounds in the county. The leases of the whole estate are nearly out; and that of Cockburn Mains, the principal farm, expired at the purchase of Whiteday last, and as to the arable lands ends with the present crop; so that a purchaser might enter to this extensive farm immediately.

There are favourable appearances of copper mines in this estate, the veins having been discovered and wrought in an adjoining estate.

The whole lands and estate hold blench of the Crown, and are valued in the cess-books at 988 l. 16 s. Scots; and the lands of Wester Winshel, being a forty shilling land of old extent, and separately valued at 146 l. 12 s. 3 d. Scots; the whole affords three clear freehold qualifications in the county of Berwick.

For further particulars apply to George Jeffrey writer in Edinburgh, who will show a plan and measurement of the estate, with the rental, tacks, &c.

N. B. If the estate is not immediately sold, the extensive farm of Cockburn Mains will be let for such a number of years as may be agreed upon.

#### TO BE SOLD BY PRIVATE BARGAIN.

**THE Lands of HAYFIELD**, lying in the parishes of West and Mid Calder, and shire of Edinburgh, with the Superiority of the lands of Tollcross, lying in the parish of St. Catherine, and shire of Edinburgh.

The free rent of Hayfield, after deduction of public burdens, is 181 l. Sterling. The lands hold blench of the Crown, and entitle the proprietor to a freehold qualification in the county of Edinburgh. The teinds of the whole lands are valued, and exhausted by the minister's stipend.

There is a modern built mansion-house upon Hayfield, with suitable offices. It is situated six miles from Edinburgh, four miles south of Mid Calder, in an agreeable spot, lying conveniently for country amusements. There are about 120 acres of ground round the house inclosed and subdivided; and a good deal of thriving planting upon it come a considerable length, and valuable.

The house and inclosures may be entered to by a purchaser at Martinmas next, and most part of the price may remain in his hands.

For further particulars, apply to Thomas Tod writer to the signet, George's Square, Edinburgh. Any of the tenants will show the grounds.

#### SALE OF LANDS in LANARKSHIRE.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, by authority of a decree of the Court of Session, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 19th day of November next, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,

The Lands and Barony of MILTON, with the Teinds, and Sale Fishing on Clyde, which belonged to the deceased Major Martin Milne of Milton, lying in the parish of Carluke and shire of Lanark, held of a subject, for payment of 26 s. Sterling, with a duplicate thereof the entry of every heir and singular successor. The proven rent of these lands is 400 l. 16 s. 10 d. Sterling, free of feu-duty, maintenance, and schoolmasters salary, kaine, and carriages not rented; they are rated in the cess-books at 534 l. Scots valued rent.

The barony consists of 720 English acres or thereby of land and water mostly inclosed, whereupon there are many young thriving plantations not valued. The Mains, consisting of 50 acres or thereby, not house, is not in leaf. The mansion-house and offices are large and commodious, which, with the policy, are delightfully situated on the banks of the Clyde, having a view of that river from all quarters, are surrounded by extensive orchards and woodlands. There are lime, and free-stone quarries on the lands.

The lands will be shown by John Laurie overseer at Milton; and title-deeds, which are clear, the rental, and conditions of roup, and plan of the whole estate, may be seen in the hands of Thomas Tod writer to the signet, Edinburgh.